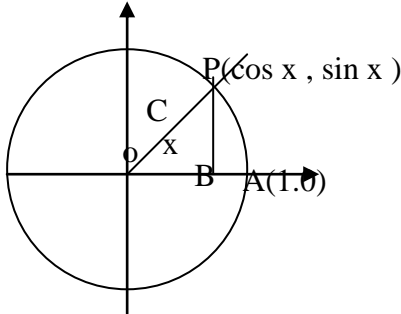


## LIMIT FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI

### A. LIMIT FUNGSI TRIGONOMETRI

Perhatikan gambar berikut :



Untuk nilai Limit fungsi trigonometri ,yang menghasilkan bentuk  $\frac{0}{0}$  (tak tentu)

untuk  $x \rightarrow 0$ ,digunakan rumus-rumus sehingga didapat nilai limitnya.Dari gambar diatas 0 adalah titik pusat lingkaran yang berjari-jari  $r = 1$  satuan ,  $\angle AOP = x$  radian.

Luas juring OBC  $\leq$  luas  $\Delta OBP \leq$  luas juring OAP

$$\frac{1}{2}(OB)^2 \cdot x \leq \frac{1}{2}OB \cdot PB \leq \frac{1}{2}(OA)^2 \cdot x$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot x \cdot \cos^2 x \leq \frac{1}{2} \cos x \cdot \sin x \leq \frac{1}{2}(1)^2 \cdot x \quad \text{masing-masing ruas} \times \left(\frac{2}{x \cdot \cos x}\right)$$

$$\cos x \leq \sin x \leq \frac{1}{\cos x} \quad \text{jika } x \rightarrow 0, \text{ maka}$$

$$1 \leq \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} \leq 1$$

- Sehingga diperoleh kesimpulan bahwa :  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{\sin x} = 1$

- Sedangkan untuk  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x \cdot \cos x} = 1 \cdot 1 = 1$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{\tan x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \cdot \cos x}{\sin x} = 1 \cdot 1 = 1$$

Sehingga diperoleh kesimpulan bahwa :  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{\tan x} = 1$

- Dengan menggunakan pemisalan  $x - a = u$ , maka diperoleh:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sin(x-a)}{x-a} = \lim_{u \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin u}{u} = 1 \quad \text{dan} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\tan(x-a)}{x-a} = \lim_{u \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan u}{u} = 1$$

Contoh 1:  
Selesaikan

1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos 5x$	2. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\tan x}{x}$
3. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 2x}{\tan 3x}$	4. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\sin(x - \frac{\pi}{3})}{\tan(3x - \pi)}$

5. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cot 4x}{\cot x}$	6. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\operatorname{cosec} 3x}{\operatorname{cosec} 5x}$
7. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{\sin x}{\tan x}$ (gunakan rumus sudut berelasi)	8. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x}{\cot x}$ (gunakan rumus sudut berelasi)

Dari contoh di atas dapat konsep penyelesaian limit fungsi trigonometri sebagai berikut :

Nilai limit  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x)$ , dengan  $f(x)$  terdapat fungsi trigonometri adalah : dengan mengganti  $x$  dengan  $a$  atau  $f(a)$

- jika  $f(a)$  terdefinisi maka  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = f(a)$

- Jika  $f(a) = \frac{0}{0}$  (tak tentu), jika merupakan salah satu bentuk dari

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sin m(x-a)}{n(x-a)}, \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{m(x-a)}{\sin n(x-a)}, \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\tan m(x-a)}{n(x-a)}, \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{m(x-a)}{\tan n(x-a)}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sin m(x-a)}{\sin n(x-a)}, \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sin m(x-a)}{\tan n(x-a)}, \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sin m(x-a)}{\tan n(x-a)}, \text{ atau } \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\tan m(x-a)}{\sin n(x-a)},$$

maka  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = \frac{m}{n}$ . Apabila  $f(a) = \frac{0}{0}$  bukan merupakan bentuk di atas, maka

ubahlah soal sehingga menjadi bentuk rumus di atas dengan menggunakan : pemisalan, pemfaktoran, rumus sudut berelasi, rumus trigonometri sudut rangkap, atau penjumlahan fungsi trigono menjadi perkalian.

Rumus-rumus trigonometri antara lain :

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>\sin(\pi - x) = \sin x</math></li> <li>• <math>\sin(\pi - x) = \sin x</math></li> <li>• <math>\cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - x) = \cos(\frac{3\pi}{2} + x) = \sin x</math></li> <li>• <math>\cot(\frac{\pi}{2} - x) = \cot(\frac{3\pi}{2} - x) = \tan x</math></li> <li>• <math>\cos(\frac{\pi}{2} + x) = \cos(\frac{3\pi}{2} - x) = -\sin x</math></li> <li>• <math>\cot(\frac{\pi}{2} + x) = \cot(\frac{3\pi}{2} + x) = -\tan x</math></li> <li>• <math>\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1</math></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>\sin 2x = 2 \sin x \cos x</math></li> <li>• <math>\cos 2x = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x</math>  <math>= 1 - 2 \sin^2 x</math>  atau <math>1 - \cos 2x = 2 \sin^2 x</math></li> <li>• <math>\sin A - \sin B = 2 \cos \frac{1}{2}(A+B) \sin \frac{1}{2}(A-B)</math></li> <li>• <math>\cos A - \cos B = -2 \sin \frac{1}{2}(A+B) \sin \frac{1}{2}(A-B)</math></li> <li>• <math>\tan A - \tan B = \tan(A-B)(1 + \tan A \tan B)</math></li> </ul>
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Contoh 2  
Selesaikan

1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x}{\cot x}$	2. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos 4x}{x \tan 3x}$
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3. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 2x - 2 \sin x}{x^3}$	4. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{\sin 3x}{\left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right)}$
5. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1 - \sin x}{\cot x}$	6. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sin \pi x}{x^2 - 1}$
7. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x + \tan 3x - 2x}{\tan 4x - \sin 5x + 6x}$	8. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos 3x - \cos x}{1 - \cos^2 2x}$

Latihan 4.  
Selesaikan

1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{2x}{\sin x} = \dots$	2. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3\pi} \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x = \dots$
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3. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3 \sin 4x}{5 \tan 6x} = \dots$	4. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x \cdot \sin x}{1 - \cos 2x} = \dots$
5. $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{(2a + x) \sin(a - x)}{x^2 - a^2} = \dots$	6. $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sin x - \sin a}{2x - 2a} = \dots$
7. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x - \sin x \cdot \cos x}{4x^3}$	8. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -a} \frac{\cos x - \cos a}{x + a} = \dots$
9. $\lim_{x \rightarrow b} \frac{2b - 2x}{3x - 3b + \tan(x - b)} = \dots$	10. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos 2x} = \dots$
11. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{6x^3}{\cos x \cdot \sin 3x - \sin 3x} = \dots$	12. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 - 2 \cos 4x}{\cos 2x - 1} = \dots$

13. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x^2}{\sin 2x} = \dots$	14. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{(x+1) \cdot \sin(3-x)}{x^2 - 3} = \dots$
15. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \cos 4x - 2}{3x^2} = \dots$	16. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin x} = \dots$
17. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{a \sin x + b \tan x}{x \sqrt{ab}} = \dots$	18. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \sin x - \sin 2x}{x^2 \cdot \tan x} = \dots$
19. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan^3 2x}{x \cdot \sin^2 2x} = \dots$	20. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x - 1}{4x^2} = \dots$
21. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{\left(\sin \frac{1}{4}x - \cos \frac{1}{4}x\right)^2}{\cos^2 \frac{1}{2}x} = \dots$	22. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan^2 x + \sin x}{\sin^2 x + \tan x} = \dots$

$$23. \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^4 - 9x^2}{\sin(9 - x^2)} = \dots$$

$$24. \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{1 - \tan x}{\sin x - \cos x} = \dots$$

$$25. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x - \tan x}{x^3} = \dots$$

$$26. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos^3 x}{1 - \cos^2 x} = \dots$$

$$27. \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1 + \cos 2x}{\cos x} = \dots$$

$$28. \lim_{x \rightarrow \sqrt{a}} \frac{(a + x^2)\tan(x - \sqrt{a})}{x^2 - a} = \dots$$

$$29. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 + \sin x}}{1 - \sqrt{1 - \sin x}} = \dots$$

$$30. \lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{1 + \cos x}{(x - \pi)\sin x} = \dots$$

$$31. \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{2 \sin x \cdot \cos x - 1}{6 \cos^2 x - 3} = \dots$$

$$32. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 - x^2}{\tan(\pi x)} = \dots$$

$$33. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 5x - \sin 4x - \sin 2x + \sin x}{\sin 3x - 3 \sin x} = \dots$$

$$34. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos 3x \cdot \cos x}{x^2} = \dots$$

$$35. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 1 + \sin(x^2 + x - 2)}{x^2 - 3x + 2 + \tan(1 - x)} = \dots$$

$$36. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 5x - \sin 4x - \sin 2x + \sin x}{\sin 3x - 3 \sin x} = \dots$$